BUILDING SYSTEMATIC THEOLOGY
STUDY GUIDE 1.1
Lesson 1: What Is Systematic Theology?
Section 1: New Testament

1) Either copy this document and paste it into a new document in your word processor, or save it as a text file, then open it in your word processor.
2) Resize the window of your word processor to occupy part of your screen.
3) Open the video, resize it to another part of the screen, and write notes as you watch the video.

(If you are new at doing this kind of thing, you may want to watch the video tutorial, "Taking Notes.")

OUTLINE FOR TAKING NOTES

Introduction

I. New Testament

A. Systematic Theology

  1. Biblical

  2. Logical

  3. Traditional

B. New Testament Theology

  1. Diversity

  2. Pastoral Character

  3. Genres

  4. Basic Framework

REVIEW QUESTIONS

1. How does Louis Berkhof define systematic theology?

2. What are the characteristics of systematic theology?

3. Number the following theological topics in the order that they are traditionally studied and give a brief description of each one.

  Soteriology
  Eschatology
  Bibliology
  Theology proper
  Ecclesiology
  Anthropology

4. In what ways is systematic theology like New Testament theology?

5. In what ways is systematic theology different from New Testament theology?

6. The New Testament writers structured their theology around what theme? Explain the importance of this theme. Explain the difference between Old Testament Jewish expectations and New Testament theology regarding this theme.

APPLICATION QUESTIONS

1. How do you feel about the subject of systematic theology? Do you think it is necessary? Why? How would you answer someone who says, “All we need is the Bible”?

2. Has systematic theology been helpful for you in the past to resolve any issues? Explain.

3. What areas of systematic theology interest you most? Are there any particular questions that you would like to answer in your studies of systematic theology?